

iSecurity DB-Gate

Transparent Access To Any
Database

Software Version: 2.60

About this Manual

This user guide is intended for system administrators and security administrators responsible for the implementation and management of security on IBM i systems. However, any user with basic knowledge of IBM i operations will be able to make full use of this product after reading this book.

Raz-Lee takes customer satisfaction seriously. Our products are designed for ease of use by personnel at all skill levels, especially those with minimal IBM i experience. The documentation package includes a variety of materials to get you familiar with this software quickly and effectively.

This user guide, together with the iSecurity Installation Guide, is the only printed documentation necessary for understanding this product. It is available in HTML form as well as in user-friendly PDF format, which may be displayed or printed using Adobe Acrobat Reader version 6.0 or higher. If you do not have Acrobat Reader, you can download it from the Adobe website: <http://www.adobe.com/>. You can also read and print pages from the manual using any modern web browser.

This manual contains concise explanations of the various product features as well as step-by-step instructions for using and configuring the product.

Raz-Lee's iSecurity is an integrated, state-of-the-art security solution for all System i servers, providing cutting-edge tools for managing all aspects of network access, data, and audit security. Its individual components work together transparently, providing comprehensive "out-of-the-box" security. To learn more about the iSecurity Suite, visit our website at <http://www.razlee.com/>.

Intended Audience

The DB-Gate User Guide document was developed for users, system administrators and security administrators responsible for the implementation and management of security on IBM® AS/400 systems. However, any user with a basic knowledge of System i operations is able to make full use of this document following study of this User Guide.

NOTE: Deviations from IBM® standards are employed in certain circumstances in order to enhance clarity or when standard IBM® terminology conflicts with generally accepted industry conventions.

This document may also serve for new versions' upgrade approval by management.

Native IBM i (OS/400) User Interface

DB-Gate is designed to be a user-friendly product for auditors, managers, security personnel and system administrators. The user interface follows standard IBM i CUA conventions. All product features are available via the menus, so you are never required to memorize arcane commands.

Many features are also accessible via the command line, for the convenience of experienced users.

Conventions Used in the Document

Menu options, field names, and function key names are written in **Courier New Bold**.

Links (internal or external) are emphasized with underline and blue color as follows: "About this Manual" on the previous page.

Commands and system messages of IBM i® (OS/400®), are written in ***Bold Italic***.

Key combinations are in Bold and separated by a dash, for example: **Enter, Shift-Tab**.

Emphasis is written in **Bold**.

A sequence of operations entered via the keyboard is marked as

STRDB> 81 > 32

meaning: Syslog definitions activated by typing ***STRDB*** and selecting option: **81** then option: **32**.

Menus

Product menus allow easy access to all features with a minimum of keystrokes. Menu option numbering and terminology is consistent throughout this product and with other Raz-Lee products. To select a menu option, simply type the option number and press **Enter**. The command line is

available from nearly all product menus. If the command line does not appear (and your user profile allows use of the command line), press **F10** to display it.

Data Entry Screens

Data entry screens include many convenient features such as:

- Pop-up selection windows
- Convenient option prompts
- Easy-to-read descriptions and explanatory text for all parameters and options
- Search and filtering with generic text support

The following describes the different data entry screens.

- To enter data in a field, type the desired text and then press Enter or Field Exit
- To move from one field to another without changing the contents press Tab
- To view options for a data field together with an explanation, press F4
- To accept the data displayed on the screen and continue, press Enter

The following function keys may appear on data entry screens.

- **F1: Help** Display context-sensitive help
- **F3: Exit** End the current task and return to the screen or menu from which the task was initiated
- **F4: Prompt** Display a list of valid options for the current field or command. For certain data items, a pop-up selection window appears
- **F6: Add New** Create a new record or data item
- **F8: Print** Print the current report or data item
- **F9: Retrieve** Retrieve the previously-entered command
- **F12: Cancel** Return to the previous screen or menu without updating

Legal Notice

This document is provided by Raz-Lee Security for information purposes only and is not a legal binding document.

While Raz-Lee is doing its best to coordinate between this document and Raz-Lee's products, changes might occur. In case a change has been encountered, please inform Raz-Lee. Raz-Lee keeps its right to modify the software or the document as per its sole discretion Usage of this document, and all information (including product information) provided within, are subject to the following terms and conditions, and all

applicable laws. If you do not agree with these terms, please do not access or use the remainder of this document.

This document contains highly confidential information, which is proprietary to Raz-Lee Security Ltd. and/or its affiliates (hereafter, "Raz-Lee"). No part of this document's contents may be used, copied, disclosed or conveyed to any third party in any manner whatsoever without prior written permission from Raz-Lee. The information included in this document is intended for your knowledge and for negotiation purposes only. Raz-Lee makes no implicit representations or warranties with respect to such information. The information included in this document is subject to change without notice. Any decision to rely on the information contained herein shall be at your sole responsibility, and Raz-Lee will not accept any liability for your decision to use any information or for any damages resulting therefrom. Certain laws do not allow limitations on implied warranties or the exclusion or limitation of certain damages. If these laws apply to you, some or all of the above disclaimers, exclusions, or limitations may not apply to you.

All registered or unregistered trademarks, product names, logos and other service marks mentioned within this document are the property of Raz-Lee or their respective owners. Nothing contained herein shall be construed as conferring by implication, estoppels, or otherwise any license or right, either express or implied, under any patent or trademark of Raz-Lee or any third party. No use of any trademark may be made without the prior written authorization of Raz-Lee. This document and all of its contents are protected intellectual property of Raz-Lee. Any copying, reprinting, reuse, reproduction, adaptation, distribution or translation without the prior written permission of Raz-Lee is prohibited.

Please check your End User License Agreement (EULA) for terms and Conditions.

2020 © Copyright Raz-Lee Security Inc. All rights reserved.

Contacts

Raz-Lee Security Inc. www.razlee.com

Marketing: marketing@razlee.com 1-888-RAZLEE-4 (1-888-7295334)

Support: support@razlee.com 1-888-RAZLEE-2 (1-888-7295332)

Contents

About this Manual	2
Intended Audience	2
Native IBM i (OS/400) User Interface	3
Conventions Used in the Document	3
Menus	3
Data Entry Screens	4
Legal Notice	4
Contacts	6
Contents	7
Why You Need DB-Gate	10
DB-Gate Benefits	10
DB-Gate Restrictions	11
Commitment Control	11
Starting DB-Gate	12
System Configuration	13
Defining the Server Mode and Log Level	14
Setting Values for the Java Virtual Machine	16
Setting DB-Gate Log Retention	17
Activation	19
Overview	19
Mode 1 - Inline	20
Activation	20
Mode 2 - Internal Server	21
Before You Begin	21
Activation	21
Automatic Activation upon Startup	24
Mode 3 - External Server	25
Running the DB-Gate Server	25
DB-Gate Server Logs	26
Ending DB-Gate Server	27
Changing the DB-Gate Mode of Operation	28
Recreating Data Queues	29

Monitoring Active Sessions	30
Performance Testing	33
Remote Database Directory Entries (RDBDIRE)	35
Modifying a Directory Entry	37
Copying an Existing Directory Entry	41
Creating a New Directory Entry	42
Removing a Directory Entry	43
Activating a Directory Entry	44
Deactivating a Directory Entry	44
Verifying a Directory Connection	44
Database Drivers	46
Modifying a DB Driver	48
Copying a DB Driver	50
Adding a New DB Driver	51
Deleting a DB Driver	52
Drivers and Licenses Folders	52
Viewing the DB-Gate Log	54
Server Authentication with Remote User IDs	59
Adding a New Server Authentication Entry	61
Modifying a Server Authentication Entry	63
Working with SQL	65
Starting SQL	65
Working with SQL Program Sources	66
Maintenance Menu	68
Displaying DB-Gate Definitions	69
Managing Operators' Authorities	71
Checking Locks	74
Journal Product Definitions	75
Add Journal	75
Remove Journal	76
Display Journal	77

Uninstalling DB-Gate	81
Troubleshooting	82
Issue: Java versions lower than v5.0 loaded by default.	82
Mode 1 - Inline	82
Mode 2 - Internal Server	83
Issue: The installation of the product failed.	83
Issue: Error Messages in Server Mode	84
Appendix A: JDBC Driver for Excel, CSV, etc.	85
Adding an Entry	86
Working with the JDBC Driver	88
Appendix B: Oracle TNS Names	90
Working with Oracle TNS	90
Inline Method	90
External File Method	91

Why You Need DB-Gate

While IBM i systems offer databases that other systems can access, they cannot, as designed, access databases on other systems.

DB-Gate fixes this. It provides access to remote, non-DB2 databases such as Oracle, MS-SQL and Derby. These databases run on various operating systems and use standard languages (for example, SQL).

Other products attempt to address this via client-server configuration that requires additional hardware, or by using ambiguous or non-standard APIs that are not defined through RDBDIRE (Relational Database Directory Entry) and therefore make no use of ARD programs.

DB-Gate provides this access in any of three ways:

- [Mode 1 - Inline](#): Running separately for each job that requires external DB access.
- [Mode 2 - Internal Server](#): Running as a separate subsystem on the IBM i. A single internal server can support any number of jobs.
- [Mode 3 - External Server](#): Running on an external system, using its processing power rather than that of the IBM i. A single external server can support any number of jobs.

DB-Gate Benefits

- “Opens” the entire non-DB2 spectrum of databases.
- Greatly expands programmer’s capabilities when working with non-DB2 databases.
- Reduces the need for redundant data and ETL (extract, transformation, load) data manipulation products. Eliminates the need for *SQLPKG, even when accessing another DB2 database (including one on the IBM i).
- Unique technology enables transparent access to any database (such as MySQL, ORACLE, MS SQL, DB2, Informix, SQLite) or data source (such as Excel) which resides on any IBM or non-IBM platform using STRSQL or programs in languages such as RPG, Cobol, and so on (compiled using CRTSQL)

- Integration with STRSQL lets you prompt to see the Column names and more
- Expands IBM i-based DRDA functionality by enabling transparent connectivity with JDBC databases not supported by DRDA.
- Uses standard SQL syntax and is based upon standard IBM i functionality. You can use IBM Server Authentication Entries, injecting them seamlessly when needed. You don't have to remember and re-enter a user name and password for each CONNECT to a remote DB
- Provides detailed traceability logs.

DB-Gate Restrictions

The following functions are not supported:

- Database large objects (BLOBs, CLOBs, DBCLOBs)
- Data links
- User IDs longer than ten characters
- Passwords longer than ten characters
- Stored procedure result sets
- SQL statements longer than 32K
- Stored procedures with Commit on Return
- Scrollable cursors
- Multi-row input
- Extended diagnostics
- RDB aliases

Commitment Control

NOTE: When using an ARDPGM, the system enforces the use of commitment control. If for example session attributes for commitment control is set to *NONE, the system will change this setting immediately after the first connection with an RDB entry that is managed by DB-Gate. An RDB entry that is based on ARDPGM is always considered as a remote connection and thus cannot be assigned *NONE or *NC for commitment control as shown below.

Starting DB-Gate

To begin using DB-Gate, type STRDB on any command line. The DB-Gate main menu appears.

```
DBMENU                                DB-Gate                                iSecurity
                                        System: RLDEV

Select one of the following:

Settings                                Activity Log
 1. Work with Directory Entries          41. Display Log
 2. Activation

DB Drivers                               Test Drive
11. Work with DB Drivers                 51. Start SQL
15. Drivers & Licenses Folders           52. Verify Connection
                                        55. Work with SQL* program sources

Auto Injection of Remote User ID        General
21. Work with Server Authentication      81. System Configuration
                                        82. Maintenance Menu

Selection or command
===> _____

F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F9=Retrieve  F12=Cancel
F13=Information Assistant  F16=System main menu
```

System Configuration

DB-Gate is ready-to-run right out of the box. You should review a few system configuration parameters that control important features before you use it for the first time.

Connectivity products such as DB-Gate do not have “typical” or “optimal” configurations. Each installation or application has different operational criteria and security needs. For example, the log requirements for a large manufacturing environment may be quite different from those for a bank, a software developer or a service organization.

To **configure your system**, select **81. System Configuration** from the DB-Gate main menu. The **DB Directory Entry System Configuration** menu appears.

```
DBPARMR          DB Directory Entry System Configuration   17/01/21 16:29:47

Select one of the following:

DB-Gate
  1. General Definitions
  2. JVM Settings

  9. Log Retention

                                     General
                                     98. Driver Licenses
Selection ==>>  __                                     99. Copyright Notice

Release ID . . . . . 02.60 19-05-20   788C500 41A EP10 2
Authorization code . . . . . XXXXXXXXXX 123           2  RLDEV

F3=Exit   F22=Enter Authorization Code                F12=Cancel
```

After you modify any of the parameters accessible from this menu, the message **Modify data, or press Enter** appears upon return to the menu. You must press Enter a second time for any changes to be implemented.

Defining the Server Mode and Log Level

To set the **mode** in which DB-Gate runs and its level of **logging**, select **1**.

General Definitions from the **System Configuration** menu (**STRDB > 81**). The **General Definitions** screen appears:

```
General Definitions                               17/01/21 18:33:48

Type options, press Enter.

Run mode . . . . . 2      1=Inline (no pre-activation)
                          2=Internal server
                          3=External server

Log level (errors are always logged). 2      1=No Log
                                          2=Connects only
                                          4=All (only first FETCH logged)

F3=Exit   F12=Cancel
```

The **Run Mode** field sets the mode in which DB-Gate runs:

- **1: Inline**, as shown in "Mode 1 - Inline" on page 20
- **2: Internal server**, as shown in "Mode 2 - Internal Server" on page 21
- **3: External server**, as shown in "Mode 3 - External Server" on page 25

The **Log Level** field sets what information (other than errors, which are always captured) are logged:

- **1: No Log** No data is stored.
- **2: Connects only** The log will store a record of each connection and disconnection from a database.
- **4: All** The log will store all commands sent, except that when a series of Fetch commands is sent, it will store only the first in the series.

NOTE: You can set specific logging details for individual directory entries, as shown in "Modifying a Directory Entry" on page 37. If the logging

level for an entry is set to 0, it uses the value set here as a default. Otherwise, it overrides this general value.

Setting Values for the Java Virtual Machine

To set values for the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) within DB-Gate, select **2 JVM Settings** from the **DB Directory Entry System Configuration Menu (STRDB > 81)**. The **JVM Settings** screen appears:

```
JVM Settings                                     18/02/21 14:57:42

Type options, press Enter.

Auto set CLASSPATH . . . Y           Y=Yes, N=No
The actual CLASSPATH is stored in /iSecurity/DB-Gate/sp.properties

For Run mode 2=Internal server:
JVM Path . . . . . /QOpenSys/QIBM/ProdData/JavaVM/jdk60/64bit
_____
_____
_____

JVM Properties . . . . . -Xmx1024m;-Djava.version=1.7;
_____
_____
_____

Number of JVMs . . . . . 1
IBM Java VM (J9) must be used for these parameters. This is standard since 7.1
User profile SECURITYBP must be enabled and have a password

F3=Exit   F12=Cancel
```

To automatically set the **CLASSPATH** value to that stored in **/iSecurity/DB-Gate/sp.properties**, set the **Auto set CLASSPATH** field to **Y**.

If DB-Gate is running in mode 2, with an internal server (as shown in "Mode 2 - Internal Server" on page 21), set the **JVM Path** and **JVM Properties** fields to appropriate values for your system. The screen image shows example values. They can often be left blank.

You may run multiple Java Virtual Machines, as set in the **Number of JVMs** field. By default, DB-Gate only uses one.

NOTE: You must use IBM Java VM (J9), which has been the default since OS/400 7.1, for these parameters.

The user profile **SECURITYBP** must be enabled and have a password.

Setting DB-Gate Log Retention

Log Retention parameters govern how DB-Gate backs up log files and how long it retains them. To preserve disk storage capacity and improve query response time, you should retain transactions for the minimum period necessary to maintain an effective audit program. The recommended initial settings are shown below.

To set log retention parameters, select **9. Log Retention** from the **DB Directory Entry System Configuration** menu. The **DB Log Retention** screen appears:

```
DB Log Retention                                20/01/21 15:24:46

Type options, press Enter.

Data retention period (days) . . .  30           Days, 9999=*NOMAX
Backup program for data . . . . . *NONE           Name, *STD, *NONE
Backup program library . . . . .           

You may specify a backup program to run automatically before deleting old
data. This program runs prior to automatic deletion of data whenever the
retention period expires.

The *STD program is SMZB/DBSOURCE DBDGBKP.

F3=Exit   F12=Cancel
```

The **Data retention period (days)** field controls the number of days for which DB-Gate logs are retained. The recommended value is **30**. If you set this to **9999**, the logs are never automatically deleted.

You may specify a backup program to run automatically before deleting old data. This program runs prior to automatic deletion of data whenever the retention period expires.

To **back up** the files via the default **DBDGBKP** program in the **SMZB/DBSOURCE** library, set the **Backup program for data** field to ***STD**.

To specify a different program, set the **Backup program for data** field to the name of the program and the **Backup program library** field to the library that contains the file.

To do no automatic backups before deleting logs, set the **Backup program for data** field to ***NONE**.

Activation

Overview

DB-Gate can be activated to run in any of three modes:

- [Mode 1 - Inline](#), running in the same job which requires external DB access.
- [Mode 2 - Internal Server](#), running on a separate subsystem in the IBM i. The server supports any number of jobs. This mode is the default and is recommended for most situations.
- [Mode 3 - External Server](#), running on an external system (consumes the processing power of a different computer). This server supports any number of jobs.

The functionality of DB-Gate is the same regardless of the mode run. No changes are required in the programs running on the IBM i. The choice of mode selected can be made at any stage.

NOTE: Before changing the DB-Gate mode, terminate any activity involved with DB-Gate.

Mode 1 - Inline

Activation

DB-Gate runs the internal mode, Mode 1, by default. No pre-activation is required.

NOTE: the first SQL command within a job activates a process within DB-Gate that may require a few seconds depending on available computing resources.

Mode 2 - Internal Server

In Mode 2, DB-Gate runs as server job on a dedicated subsystem. This subsystem must be started before processing any SQL statements. The product can be configured to start this subsystem automatically after every IPL.

This mode has no initial extra processing and requires fewer memory resources than Mode 1.

Before You Begin

1. Ensure that no SQL are using DB-Gate. This should be done by your organization's IT Administrator.
2. Set a password for the user profile **SECURITYBP** (which initially has a password of ***NONE**) and set the password expiration interval (**PWDEXPI TV**) to ***NOMAX**. **SECURITYBP** is a power user. The user is never used for signing on to the system, and must be given a strong password.

Activation

To activate DB-Gate to run in Internal Server Mode (2):

1. Ensure DB-Gate mode is set to Internal Server (2) as follows:
 - a. Select **81. System Configuration** from the **DB-Gate** main menu. The **DB Directory Entry System Configuration** menu appears.

```

DBPARMR          DB Directory Entry System Configuration  17/01/21 16:29:47

Select one of the following:

DB-Gate
  1. General Definitions
  2. JVM Settings

  9. Log Retention

                                     General
                                     98. Driver Licenses
Selection ==>>  _                                     99. Copyright Notice

Release ID . . . . . 02.60 19-05-20   788C500 41A EP10 2
Authorization code . . . . . XXXXXXXXXX 123          2  RLDEV

F3=Exit   F22=Enter Authorization Code           F12=Cancel

```

b. Select **1. General Definitions** from the **DB Directory Entry System Configuration** menu. The **General Definitions** screen appears.

```

                                     General Definitions  17/01/21 18:33:48

Type options, press Enter.

Run mode . . . . . 2          1=Inline (no pre-activation)
                                     2=Internal server
                                     3=External server

Log level (errors are always logged). 2      1=No Log
                                               2=Connects only
                                               4=All (only first FETCH logged)

F3=Exit   F12=Cancel

```

- c. Set the **Run mode** to **2** (if set to another mode) and press **Enter** continuously (usually 2 or 3 times) to return to the **DB-Gate** main menu.
2. Activate the server as follows:
 - a. Select **2. Activation** from the **DB-Gate** main menu. The **Activation - Server Mode** menu appears.

```

DBSETMN                               Activation - Server Mode                               DB-Gate
                                           System: RLDEV
DB-Gate operates in Inline or Server mode. Server mode requires activation.

Internal Server Mode                    External Server Mode
  1. Activate Server                    Activation / De-activation is performed
  2. De-activate Server                on the external server.
  5. Work with Active Jobs              See manual for details.

11. Activate Server at IPL
12. Do Not Activate Server at IPL

Monitor Internal/External Server        Special
31. Work with Active Sessions           71. Run DB-Gate Performance Test
                                           79. Recreate Data Queues

Selection or command
===> _____

F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F9=Retrieve  F12=Cancel
F13=Information Assistant  F16=System main menu

```

- b. Select **1. Activate Server** from the **Activation - Server Mode** menu. DB-Gate begins to operate in Internal Server Mode. A message appears at the bottom of the screen indicating this.
- c. Select **5. Work with Active Jobs** from the **Activation - Server Mode** menu to verify that DB-Gate is working. The **Work with Subsystem Jobs** screen appears and displays active jobs within the **ZDBGATE** Subsystem Jobs and their status.

```

Work with Subsystem Jobs
RLDEV
24/01/21 14:42:36 UTC
Subsystem . . . . . : ZDBGATE

Type options, press Enter.
  2=Change  3=Hold  4=End  5=Work with  6=Release  7=Display message
  8=Work with spooled files  13=Disconnect

Opt  Job          User          Type      -----Status-----  Function
---  DBMONITOR    SECURITYBP  AUTO      ACTIVE                  DLY-120
---  DP24144053    SECURITYBP  BATCH     ACTIVE                  PGM-jvmStartPa

Parameters or command
===>
F3=Exit      F4=Prompt  F5=Refresh  F9=Retrieve  F11=Display schedule data
F12=Cancel   F17=Top    F18=Bottom

```

Automatic Activation upon Startup

Internal Server Mode can be set to automatically activate upon startup of the IBM System Initial Program Load (IPL) from the Activation screen.

- To **enable** automatic activation, select **11. Activate Server** at IPL.
- To **disable** automatic activation, select **12. Do Not Activate Server** at IPL.
- You can **verify** automatic activation status by typing *DSPJOBLOG* at the command prompt.

Mode 3 - External Server

DB-Gate runs as a server process on a different computer. That computer and the DB-Gate service running on it must be activated before any SQL processing is initiated.

The computer running this server mode can run on Windows, Unix, Linux, or any other operating system that supports Java. This mode has no initial extra processing and requires virtually no extra memory resources from the IBM i. Memory resources and processing power that would be used by the Java processing are consumed instead on the external computer running the DB-Gate server.

It is the user's responsibility to ensure activation of the computer and server running the external DB-Gate.

1. Install the DB-Gate server as follows:
 - a. Close all applications.
 - b. Run the setup file **DB-Gate_setup.exe** or the corresponding file for the server's operating system. The installation wizard opens.
2. Proceed through the Wizard choosing the destination path, name and shortcut settings and click **Install** on the **Ready to Install** screen. .
3. Upon completion select **Launch DB-Gate Server** and click Finish.

The **Connect to System** dialog appears.

Running the DB-Gate Server

The DB-Gate server is started either by:

- Selecting Launch DB-Gate server at the end of the installation process
- Starting the DB-Gate server from the Windows Start menu or the icon on the desktop

To run the server:

1. Right-click on the icon in the System tray. The DB-Gate menu opens.

2. Click Start DB-GateServer. The ConnectTo System dialog appears.
3. Connect to the system as follows:
 - a. Type the address (IP or network path) or host name for the DB-Gate server.
 - b. Type the User and Password to access that host.
 - c. Click **OK**.
4. Log in to the IBM i.
5. Start SQL by typing **STRSQL**.
6. Connect to the SQL database instance.
7. You can now work with DB-Gate.

DB-Gate Server Logs

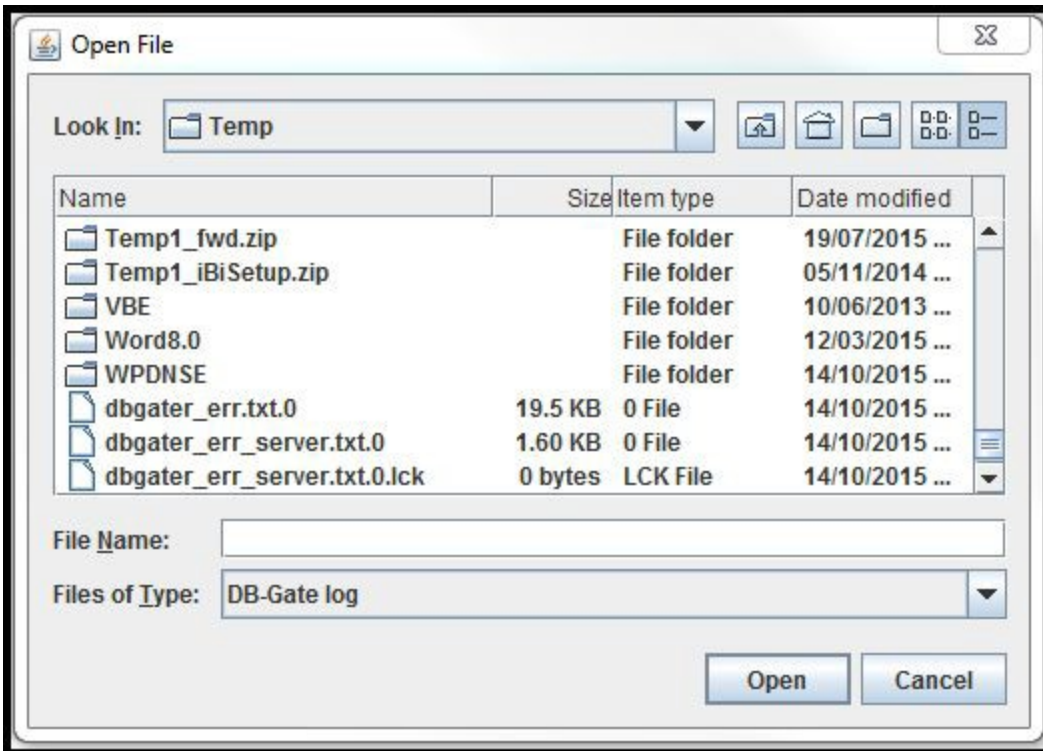
NOTE: Only use this procedure under the supervision of Raz-Lee support personnel.

To view DB-Gate Server logs:

1. Right-click on the icon in the System tray. The DB-Gate menu opens.
2. Click **About**. The About DB-Gate Server dialog appears.



3. Click Open Log... The Open File dialog box appears.



4. Select the log file you want to view and click **Open**. The file opens by default in the internal Java viewer but can be viewed in any external tool.

NOTE: All DB-Gate log file names begin with the string **dbgater** .

NOTE: If you have a problem opening the file, ensure that **txt.0 files** are associated with a text file viewer/editor.

Ending DB-Gate Server

To end the DB-Gate Server:

1. Right-click on the icon in the **System** tray. The **DB-Gate** menu opens.
2. Click About. The **Confirm Exit** dialog appears.



3. Click **OK**. The DB-Gate Server stops.

Changing the DB-Gate Mode of Operation

The mode of operation can only be changed when no active SQL processes are running in DB-Gate. When possible, change the mode of operation in conjunction with IPL.

To **change the Run mode**:

1. Notify all relevant users that you are about to stop and change the current Run mode.
2. Make sure all SQL jobs running through DB-Gate are signed off.
3. If DB-Gate is currently running in Server mode 2 or 3, stop the server.
4. Go to the **General Definitions** screen (*STRDB > 81 > 1*), as shown in "Mode 2 - Internal Server" on page 21 and set the new **Run Mode**.
5. Start DB-Gate:
 - For **Inline Mode (1)** no further action is necessary.
 - For **Internal Server Mode (2)**, activate the server as shown in "Mode 2 - Internal Server" on page 21.
 - For **External Server Mode (3)**, activate the server as shown in "Mode 3 - External Server" on page 25

Recreating Data Queues

DB-Gate uses a data queue for communication when operating in Server Mode 2 or 3. You can recreate this data queue by deleting it and building a new one using option **79** in the **Activation** screen (**STRDB > 2**). This maintenance task is useful when the data queue becomes too large.

NOTE: Only perform this task while the server is down and there are no SQL jobs employing DB-Gate. Any DB-Gate-related jobs running when it is performed would crash.

```
DBSETMN                               Activation - Server Mode                               DB-Gate
                                         System: RLDEV
DB-Gate operates in Inline or Server mode. Server mode requires activation.

Internal Server Mode                    External Server Mode
 1. Activate Server                      Activation / De-activation is performed
 2. De-activate Server                   on the external server.
 5. Work with Active Jobs                See manual for details.

11. Activate Server at IPL
12. Do Not Activate Server at IPL

Monitor Internal/External Server        Special
31. Work with Active Sessions           71. Run DB-Gate Performance Test
                                         79. Recreate Data Queues

Selection or command
===> _____

F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F9=Retrieve  F12=Cancel
F13=Information Assistant  F16=System main menu
```

Monitoring Active Sessions

The Monitor feature enables you to observe and control the sessions managed by the DB-Gate server, regardless of whether the server is running on the IBM i or externally. A session consists of one or more RDB entries that are registered with DB-Gate and are running in the same job and the same activation group.

With the monitor you can see the active sessions, and even end any of them without causing any issues to the server.

To monitor active sessions, select **31. Work with Active Sessions** in the **Activation - Server Mode** menu (*STRDB > 2*). The **Work DB-Gate Active Sessions** screen appears.

```
Work DB-Gate Active Sessions

Type options, press Enter.                Subset . . . _____
 1=Display  4=End session  5=DSPJOB Rqstr  6=DSPJOB Server  7=DSPJOB Processor

Opt Last activity      Active RDB      Format      -- Requester job --
- 2021-02-24-11.21.36  Y  LO          ARPS0100  DEP1#00003 DB      409749
- 2021-02-24-11.21.36  Y  LO          ARFC0100  DEP1#00002 DB      409748
- 2021-02-24-11.21.36  Y  LO          ARXI0100  DEP1#00001 DB      409747
- 2021-02-24-11.07.56  Y  MS          ARDI0100  QPADEV002D DB      404115

F3=Exit  F5=Refresh  F12=Cancel  F23=End non-active

Bottom
```

The screen contains these options:

Last Activity

The time of the last request from DB-Gate

Active

Y= currently being processed by DB-Gate

If the Active field is empty, the job displayed is usually a 'leftover' job from a previous activation of the DB-Gate server. The main

reason for keeping these jobs in the list is the ability to send them a release command. This is effective if the job is stuck waiting for a reply from a remote DB server. Since the remote connection does not exist anymore, it might wait till ENDJOB is performed. Sending a release command is the clean way to clear things up.

RDB

The targeted RDB. Every session may have several RDB involved, each called in a different time frame.

If a session is in commitment control (Format = COMMIT)

Format

The dedicated internal format structure used to carry the request or reply

Requester job

Details of the job that initiated the RDB connection

To **send a release command that ends the session**, type **4** in the **Opt** field for that session and press **Enter**.

Use this option with extra caution, especially if the session is active. When an active session is sent a release command, any remote connection is broken and DB-Gate stops processing the requester job.

Each requester job (including the user's job and the job executing SQL statements) is served by the service job **QZRCSRVS**. This option terminates that job.

NOTE:

- When the release command is sent to an active session. the service job deletes the record.
- When the release command is sent to a non-active session, the monitor deletes the record.
- Non-active sessions are deleted upon screen refresh when the requester job ends.

To open the DSPJOB option for the **job requester**, type **5** in the **Opt** field for that session and press **Enter**.

To open the DSPJOB option for the **server**, type **6** in the **Opt** field for that session and press **Enter**.

To open the DSPJOB option for the **main QZRCRVVS job** that is created when DB-Gate starts, type **7** in the **Opt** field for that session and press **Enter**.
To **end all non-active sessions**, press the **F23** key (**Shift + F11**).

Performance Testing

You can run performance and load tests of the DB-Gate engine and server without the need for any coding. The test submits a number of jobs (according to the **Number of jobs to run** parameter). Each job connects to the given RDB entry and, if you use the default program provided, repeatedly performs the following for the number of repetitions set in the Iterations per job parameter:

- Creates a table on the given schema
- Fills the table with data
- Fetches from the table
- Drops the table

The number of rows to insert and then fetch is defined in the **Rows to process** parameter.

To run a performance test, select **71. Run DB-Gate Performance Test** in the **Activation - Server Mode** menu (*STRDB > 2*). The **Test DB-Gate Performance** screen appears.

```
Test DB-Gate Performance (TSTDBPFR)

Type choices, press Enter.

RDB name . . . . . _____
Existing RDB schema . . . . . _____ Name
Jobs prefix Id. . . . . _____ Name
Number of jobs to run . . . . . 10 Number
Iterations per job . . . . . 50 Number
Rows to process . . . . . 200 Number
RDB user . . . . . *AUTO Character value, *AUTO
RDB password . . . . . _____ Character value, *AUTO
Test pgm (see SMZB/DBSOURCE) . . DBPFRR Name, DBPFRR, DBPFR400R
Library . . . . . SMZB Name, SMZB, *LIBL

Bottom
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F12=Cancel F13=How to use this display
F24=More keys
```

The screen contains these options:

RDB name

One of your Directory entries, as shown in Working with Directory Entries.

Existing RDB schema

The name of one of the schemas in the directory. This schema must already exist. The test does not create it.

To create it, either:

- Use the **STRJRNLIB** (Start Journal Library) command, or
- Use the '**CREATE SCHEMA**' SQL statement. For the library to persist, it must **COMMIT**.

Jobs prefix ID

A meaningful job prefix, such as **TST1**.

Number of jobs to run

The number of jobs that you want to run simultaneously. This should be a reasonable approximation of the number of jobs you expect to be sent to the server.

Iterations per job

The number of times that the job will be run.

Rows to process

The number of rows to be inserted and fetched for each iteration.

RDB user

The User ID of one of the Remote Users you have defined for this RDB, as shown in Injection of Remote User IDs. This can also be ***AUTO**, as shown there.

RDB password

The password of the Remote User, or ***AUTO**.

Test pgm

The name of the program that will test the performance of the DB engine. Raz-Lee provides you with a default program to perform the test.

Library

The library where the test program is stored. The default test program is in library **SMZB**.

Enter the required parameters and press **Enter**. The performance test runs.

Remote Database Directory Entries (RDBDIRE)

The operating system keeps a directory of remote databases known to it. When definitions are activated, they create Remote DB Directory Entries (RDBDIRE).

To work with directory entries, select **1. Work with Directory Entries** from the **DB-Gate** main menu. The **Work with Directory Entries** screen appears:

```
Work with DB Directory Entries          Allowed: No limit
Type options, press Enter.             Subset . . .
 1=Select  3=Copy  4=Remove  7=Activate  8=Deactivate  9=Verify
Opt  Status  Directory entry
-   ---     ALEX      TEST ALEX
-   ---     A150
-   ---     A520
-   ---     BIG       IBM Big Data
-   ---     DB2
-   ---     DDD
-   ---     FB       Firebird sample database
-   ---     H2
-   ---     JDEDEVTNS
-   Active  LO
-   ---     LOCALDB  Connection to local DB
-   ---     LOPC
-   ---     LOPC2
-   ---     LO2
F3=Exit  F5=Refresh  F6=Add new  F8=Print  F12=Cancel  More...
```

The body of the screen shows the **Directory Entry** name for each entry, along with an optional text description. If the entry is active, the **Status** field for the entry is set to **Active**.

To view a specific subset of directories, type the first alphanumeric characters of the driver followed by an asterisk (*) in the **Subset** field and **press Enter**.

The entries are redisplayed with results that match your query.

```

Work with DB Directory Entries          Allowed: No limit

Type options, press Enter.             Subset . . .   LO*
  1=Select  3=Copy  4=Remove  7=Activate  8=Deactivate  9=Verify

Opt  Status  Directory entry
-   Active  LO
-   ---    LOCALDB   Connection to local DB
-   ---    LOPC
-   ---    LOPC2
-   ---    LO2
-   ---    LO4

F3=Exit  F5=Refresh  F6=Add new  F8=Print      F12=Cancel      Bottom

```

You can perform the following activities:

- [Modifying a Directory Entry](#)
- [Copying an Existing Directory Entry](#)
- [Creating a New Directory Entry](#)
- [Removing a Directory Entry](#)
- [Activating a Directory Entry](#)
- [Deactivating a Directory Entry](#)
- [Verifying a Directory Connection](#)

Modifying a Directory Entry

You can update all of the information in directory entries except for the **Directory entry** name.

To **modify** the details of a Directory Entry, type **1** in the **Opt** column for the entry on the **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen (**STRDB > 1**) and press **Enter**. The **Modify Directory Entry** screen appears:

```
Modify Directory Entry - Part A

Directory entry . . . . . FB          Active: N      (Driver: FIREBIRD  )
Description . . . . . Firebird sample database
Log . . . . . 0                      0=Dft, 1=None, 2=Basic, 4=All
Host or IP . . . . .<host> 1.1.1.35
Port . . . . .<port> 3050
Catalog . . . . .<catalog>
Schema . . . . .<schema>
Database . . . . .<db>
file . . . . .<adl1> EMPLOYEE

URL, file://, http://... . jdbc:firebirdsql://<host>:<port>/<adl1>
Auto replacments are:
  <host><port><catalog>
  <schema><db><adl1-4>

More...
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F7=Driver page  F8=Replace driver  F12=Cancel
```

The screen consists of two pages. Press the **PgDn** key to use the second page.

```

Modify Directory Entry - Part B

Directory entry . . . . . FB                      (Driver: FIREBIRD )
Description . . . . . Firebird sample database

Language support . . . . . *AUTO                  *AUTO, *NONE, 4-11 for Bidi
Keep alive interval . . . . . 0                  Minutes, 0=No
Keep alive statement . . . . . _____

Fetch size . . . . . 0                          Number of records, 0=Default
Force RDB User . . . . . *NONE                    Name, *NONE
Password . . . . . _____                    Character (case sensitive)
Overrides CONNECT / Server Authentication Entry values.

F3=Exit  F12=Cancel

Bottom

```

The screens contain these fields. Some of the parameters may vary depending on the selected driver.

Directory Entry

Name of the directory (Read-only)

Active

Y (yes) or **N** (no).

NOTE: Active entries are registered within the system and are counted per the license.

Driver

The driver you associated with the new entry

Description

Description of the directory (optional)

Log

0=Global default (this value is taken from System Configuration's General Definitions screen)

1=No log (no data is stored)

2=Connect (the log will store a record of each connection and disconnection from a database)

4=All (the log will store all commands sent; when a Fetch command is sent, it will only store the first in the series)

Host or IP

The address used to access the remote database

Port

The port number associated with the above address required for setting up a connection to the remote database

Catalog

If the database requires a Catalog for the connection, specify it here

Schema

The schema for the remote database

Database

Database name

Additional parameters:

Up to four different parameters, based on the selected driver.

URL

Provided by the DB driver provider. May include parameters:

<host><ip><user><pwd><catalog><port><schema><adl1-4>

If an empty Password is received when connecting, DB- Gate also ignores the User field and attempts to create a connection based on the JDBC URL, which points to an IBM i server in which the data imported from PC files will be stored (as shown in "Appendix A: JDBC Driver for Excel, CSV, etc." on page 85).

Language Support

Specifies whether the entry supports other languages. This is used, for example, for bi-directional data that mixes Hebrew or Arabic with English.

***AUTO** = Default setting

***NONE**

4-11 = Based on an IBM setting for specific language support.

Keep alive interval

Frequency with which the keep alive SQL statement is sent to DB to ensure that the connection is maintained.

Keep alive statement

SQL statement sent to DB to ensure connection is maintained.

Fetch size

The number of records to bring when writing SQL statements.

The larger the number, the fewer accesses to the disk but also longer waiting time.

F8 Replace Driver

Enables users to replace the driver configuration for this RDB entry

Copying an Existing Directory Entry

You can add a new Directory Entry by copying one that already exists. Copying a directory entry is also the only way you can change the name of an existing directory entry.

To **copy** an existing directory entry:

1. Type **3** in the **Opt** column for the entry on the **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen (**STRDB > 1**) and press **Enter**. The **Copy DB Directory Entry** screen appears, with the selected directory entry appearing in both the **Directory Entry** and **New Directory Entry** fields:

```
Copy DB Directory Entry

Type choices, press Enter.

From:
Directory Entry . . . . . FB
Description . . . . . Firebird sample database

To:
New Directory Entry . . . FB

F3=Exit   F4=Prompt   F12=Cancel
```

2. Modify the **New Directory Entry** description and press **Enter** twice.

All the existing directory entry details are automatically added. The **Work with Directory Entries** screen reappears with the newly created directory entry in deactivated status.

Creating a New Directory Entry

You can add a new Directory Entry either by copying one that already exists or by entering all the details on your own.

To create a new directory entry:

1. Select **F6 - Add New** on the **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen (**STRDB > 1**) to open the **Add New Directory Entry** screen.
2. Add a Directory Entry and Driver. To add the **Directory Entry**, do one of the following:
 - Type the new **Directory Entry** alias name.
 - Select **F4 - Prompt** (while in the **Directory Entry** field) to display the existing **Directory Entry** list. Select the **Directory Entry** by typing **1** in the **Opt** field for the entry. Press **Enter**. The selected Directory Entry is added to the new **Directory Entry** field.

```

                                     Add New Directory Entry
Dir .....
Dri :                               Select Directory Entry           :
:                                                                              :
:  Type options, press Enter.      Position to . . _____ :
:    1=Select                      Subset . . . . _____ :
:                                                                              :
:  Opt Directory entry              :                               :
:  - ALEX          TEST ALEX        :                               :
:  - A150          :                 :                               :
:  - A520          :                 :                               :
:  - BIG          IBM Big Data      :                               :
:  - DB2          :                 :                               :
:  - DDD          :                 :                               :
:  - FB          Firebird sample database :                               :
:  - H2          :                 :                               :
:  - JDEDEVTNS   :                 :                               :
:                                                                              :
:  F3=Exit              F12=Cancel   More... :                               :
:                                                                              :
F3= .....

```

3. To add a **driver**, do one of the following:
 - Type the new **Driver** name
 - Press the **F4 - Prompt** key when in the Driver field to display a list of the existing database drivers. Select the Driver by typing **1** in the **Opt** field next to it. Press **Enter**. The selected Directory Entry is added to the new **Directory Entry** field.

```

                                Add New Directory Entry
Dir .....
Dri :                               Select DB Driver                               :
:                                                                              :
:   Type options, press Enter.      Position to . . . _____ :
:   1=Select                          Subset . . . . . _____ :
:                                                                              :
: Opt DB Driver                       :                                          :
:  _ AS400DB2   DB2 on OS/400 platform :                                          :
:  _ BIG_SQL    Big SQL                 :                                          :
:  _ CSV        CSV (Comma Separated Values) :                                          :
:  _ DB2        DB2 for Windows/Linux   :                                          :
:  _ DB2JDBC4   DB2 for Windows/Linux   :                                          :
:  _ DERBY      JavaDB/Derby             :                                          :
:  _ DERBYMY    JavaDB/Derby             :                                          :
:  _ EXCEL      Microsoft Excel          :                                          :
:  _ FEDERATED  Federated database      :                                          :
:                                                                              :
:                                                                              More... :
:   F3=Exit                                           F12=Cancel :
:                                                                              :
F3= :.....

```

4. Click **Enter** to move on to the empty Add New Directory Entry Details screen.

This screen is the same as the Modify Directory Entry screen.

NOTE: Information that is already saved in the driver entry is automatically added.

Removing a Directory Entry

To remove a directory entry:

1. In the **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen (*STRDB > 1*), type **4** in the **Opt** field for the directory to be removed and press **Enter**. The **Delete Directory Entry - Part A** screen appears with the Directory Entry details.

```

Delete Directory Entry - Part A

Directory entry . . . . . FB          Active: N      (Driver: FIREBIRD )
Description . . . . . Firebird sample database
Log . . . . . 0                      0=Dft, 1=None, 2=Basic, 4=All
Host or IP . . . . .<host> 193.158.21.35
Port . . . . .<port> 3050
Catalog . . . . .<catalog>
Schema . . . . .<schema>
Database . . . . .<db>
file . . . . .<adl1> EMPLOYEE

URL, file://, http://... . jdbc:firebirdsql://<host>:<port>/<adl1>
Auto replacments are:
  <host><port><catalog>
  <schema><db><adl1-4>

More...
F3=Exit                               F12=Cancel

Press Enter to confirm DELETE.

```

2. Press **Enter**, and then again **Enter** when the **Delete Directory Entry - Part B** screen appears to confirm. The **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen reappears with the Directory Entry removed.

Activating a Directory Entry

To **activate** a directory entry, in the **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen (**STRDB > 1**), type **7** in the **Opt** field for the directory entry to be activated and press **Enter**. The directory entry is activated.

Deactivating a Directory Entry

To **deactivate** a directory entry, in the **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen (**STRDB > 1**), type **8** in the **Opt** field for the directory entry to be deactivated and press **Enter**. The directory entry is deactivated.

Verifying a Directory Connection

To verify a directory connection:

1. In the **Work with DB Directory Entries** screen (*STRDB > 1*), type **9** in the **Opt** field for the directory entry to be verified and pressing **Enter**. The **Verify DB-Gate RDB** screen appears.

```

Verify DB-Gate RDB (VFYRDB)

Type choices, press Enter.

RDB name . . . . . _____
RDB user . . . . . *AUTO      Character value, *AUTO
RDB password . . . . .          Character value

                                           Bottom
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F5=Refresh  F12=Cancel  F13=How to use this display
F24=More keys

```

2. Type the **RDB Name** and **RDB Password** used for the selected RDB, where relevant.

NOTE: If the RDB does not supply the username and password directly and does not require credentials, use the default value ***AUTO**. Indirect credentials can be sent to **ARDPGM** via the use of a server authentication entry or JDBC URL.

3. Press **Enter**. A message is displayed with the status of the connection.

Database Drivers

A database driver enables you to access a remote database, first by recognizing the database and then by establishing a connection with it.

DB-Gate comes with pre-installed DB drivers. The default path for drivers is **/iSecurity/DB-Gate/Drivers** on the IBM i's IFS.

To **list** the DB drivers that have been established on your system, select **11**. **Work with DB Drivers** from the **DB-Gate** main menu. The **Work with DB Drivers** screen appears:

```
Work with DB Drivers
Subset by driver . . . _____
Type options, press Enter.          by text . . . . . _____
1=Select  3=Copy  4=Delete  8=Driver page

Opt Driver  Available
- AS400DB2  Yes  DB2 on OS/400 platform
- BIG_SQL   Yes  Big SQL
- CACHE     -    Cache
- CSV       Yes  CSV (Comma Separated Values)
- DAFFODILLO -    DaffodilDB Local
- DAFFODILSR -    DaffodilDB Server
- DB2       Yes  DB2 for Windows/Linux
- DB2JDBC4  Yes  DB2 for Windows/Linux
- DERBY     Yes  JavaDB/Derby
- DERBYMY   Yes  JavaDB/Derby
- EXCEL     Yes  Microsoft Excel
- FEDERATED Yes  Federated database
- FIREBIRD  Yes  Firebird
- FRONTBASE Yes  FrontBase

More...

F3=Exit  F6=Add new  F8=Print  F12=Cancel
```

For each driver, the body of the screen shows the driver's name, whether it is available, and a free-form description. A driver is marked as available if the path to the driver file has been set on its **Modify DB Driver** screen, as shown in "Modifying a DB Driver" on page 48.

To **view a specific subset of drivers**, do one of the following:

1. In the **Subset by driver** field, at the top right of the screen, enter the first alphanumeric characters of the Driver field and press **Enter**. The driver list is redisplayed with results that match your query.

2. In the **Subset by text** field, enter any alphanumeric characters you want to match in either the Driver or Description fields and press **Enter**. The driver list is redisplayed with results that match your query.

If the URL for the driver manufacturer's web page has been saved within the driver's details, you can open the page in your browser and read detailed information on the database.

To **view the manufacturer's page** for the driver, type **8** in the **Opt** field for the driver and press **Enter**. The web page appears in your local computer's default browser.

Modifying a DB Driver

To modify a DB driver, type **1** in the **Opt** field in the **Work with DB Drivers** screen (**STRDB > 11**) for the DB driver you want to update then press **Enter**. The **Modify DB Driver** screen appears:

Modify DB Driver	
Driver	FIREBIRD <u>Firebird</u>
Driver file . . .	<u>firebird/jaybird-full-2.1.6.jar</u>
Class	<u>org.firebirdsql.jdbc.FBDriver</u>
Driver page . . .	<u>http://www.firebirdsql.org</u>
Default port . .	<u>3050</u>
Additional parms	Label Possible values
Parm 1 . .<adl1>	<u>file</u> _____
Parm 2 . .<adl2>	_____
Parm 3 . .<adl3>	_____
Parm 4 . .<adl4>	_____
URL dft schema .	<u>jdbc:firebirdsql://<host>:<port>/<adl1></u>
Std replacement:	_____
<host><db>	_____
<catalog><port>	_____
<schema><adl1-4>	_____
F3=Exit	F7=Driver page F9=Restore Default F12=Cancel

The screen contains these fields:

Driver

The driver name and a free-form text description, as they appear on the **Work with DB Drivers** screen. The driver name is read-only.

Driver file

The path to the jar file on the IFS that contains the JDBC driver for this database. This can be either an absolute path, beginning with the "/" character, or relative to the default path, **/iSecurity/DB-Gate/Drivers**

Class

The JDBC driver class name.

Driver page

The URL of the web page for driver information on the developer's web site.

To **view the web page** in your local computer's default browser, press the **F7** key.

Default port

The default port to use in setting up a connection.

Additional parms

Up to four additional parameters that can be specified in connecting to the database, as in the **URL dft schema** field. For each, you can specify a **Label** and a free-form description of **Possible values**. The four parameters are referenced by the strings **<ad11>** through **<ad14>**.

URL dft schema

The default schema used in connecting to the database. The schema can automatically substitute the values of the variables **<host>**, **<db>**, **<catalog>**, **<port>**, **<schema>**, and the four parameters specified in the **Additional parms** field.

In the example value,

jdbc:firebirdsql://<host>:<port>/<ad11>, the host name, port, and "file" value specified in the first additional parameter would be included in the schema when it is used.

To **save the values** that you have entered, press **Enter**. A confirmation message appears asking if you want to modify any of the entries. Press **Enter** again to save the changes to the driver.

To **revert to the original definition** of the driver as it was supplied, press the **F8** key.

Copying a DB Driver

To copy a DB driver, type **3** in the **Opt** field in the **Work with DB Drivers** screen (**STRDB > 11**) for the DB driver you want to copy then press **Enter**. The **Copy DB Driver** screen appears:

```
Copy DB Driver

Type choices, press Enter.

From:
Driver . . . . . FIREBIRD

Description . . . . . Firebird

To:
New Driver . . . . . FIREBIRD

F3=Exit   F4=Prompt   F12=Cancel
```

Type the name of the new driver in the **New Driver** field and press **Enter**. A confirmation message appears asking if you want to modify any of the entries. Press **Enter** again to save the new driver.

Adding a New DB Driver

To add a DB driver, press the F6 key from the **Work with DB Drivers** screen (**STRDB > 11**). The **Add DB Driver** screen appears:

Add New DB Driver		
Driver	_____	
Driver file . .	_____	
Class	_____	
Driver page . .	_____	
Default port . .	_____	
Additional parms	Label	Possible values
Parm 1 . .<adl1>	_____	_____
Parm 2 . .<adl2>	_____	_____
Parm 3 . .<adl3>	_____	_____
Parm 4 . .<adl4>	_____	_____
URL dft schema .	_____	
Std replacement:	_____	
<host><db>	_____	
<catalog><port>	_____	
<schema><adl1-4>	_____	
F3=Exit	F4=Prompt	F7=Driver page
F9=Restore Default	F12=Cancel	

The screen contains these fields:

Driver

The driver name and a free-form text description, as they appear on the **Work with DB Drivers** screen.

Driver file

The path to the jar file on the IFS that contains the JDBC driver for this database. This can be either an absolute path, beginning with the "/" character, or relative to the default path, **/iSecurity/DB-Gate/Drivers**

Class

The JDBC driver class name.

Driver page

The URL of the web page for driver information on the developer's web site.

Default port

The default port to use in setting up a connection.

Additional parms

Up to four additional parameters that can be specified in connecting to the database, as in the **URL dft schema** field. For each, you can specify a **Label** and a free-form description of **Possible values**. The four parameters are referenced by the strings **<ad11>** through **<ad14>**.

URL dft schema

The default schema used in connecting to the database. The schema can automatically substitute the values of the variables **<host>**, **<db>**, **<catalog>**, **<port>**, **<schema>**, and the four parameters specified in the **Additional parms** field.

In the example value,

jdbc:firebirdsql://<host>:<port>/<ad11>, the host name, port, and "file" value specified in the first additional parameter would be included in the schema when it is used.

After you complete the fields, press **Enter**. A confirmation message appears asking if you want to modify any of the entries. Press **Enter** again to save the new DB driver.

Deleting a DB Driver

To **delete a DB driver** from the list in the **Work with DB Drivers** screen (**STRDB> 11**), type **4** in the **Opt** field for the DB driver you want to delete then press **Enter**. A message appears confirming that you want to delete the driver listing. Press **Enter** again to delete the driver.

Drivers and Licenses Folders

To **view and update a connection** to a remote database: Select **15 - Drivers & Licenses Folders** from the **DB-Gate** main screen (**STRDB**). The standard **Work with Object Links** screen appears, showing the contents of the default directory on the IFS,
/iSecurity/DB-Gate/Drivers:

```

Work with Object Links

Directory . . . . : /iSecurity/DB-Gate/Drivers

Type options, press Enter.
  2=Edit  3=Copy  4=Remove  5=Display  7=Rename  8=Display attributes
  11=Change current directory ...

Opt  Object link          Type          Attribute  Text
---  ---
---  db2                   DIR
---  derby                  DIR
---  firebird               DIR
---  hsqldb                 DIR
---  h2sql                  DIR
---  jtds                   DIR
---  mysql                  DIR
---  oracle                 DIR
---  pc                     DIR

More...

Parameters or command
===> _____
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F5=Refresh  F9=Retrieve  F12=Cancel  F17=Position to
F22=Display entire field          F23=More options

```

The drivers belong to the official owners. They are supplied with the product for your convenience. The folders contain the driver's **jar** files as well as the licenses under which the drivers were supplied. These drivers have been downloaded and supplied by Raz-Lee with the understanding that they may be supplied in this way.

You can add and use other JDBC drivers, beyond those that Raz-Lee supplies. This might include updated drivers or drivers meant for other databases.

Viewing the DB-Gate Log

The DB-Gate Display Log shows the contents of the history log, which saves various data gathered from the different directory entries as you have defined them, in a standard format and using basic filter criteria. The "Backward Glance" feature lets you look at the last several minutes of activity without the need to define specific time or date parameters.

To **filter and view log entries**, select **41. Display Log** from the DB-Gate main menu. The **Display DB-Gate LogEntries** screen appears:

```

Display DB-Gate Log Entries (DSPDBLOG)

Type choices, press Enter.

Display last minutes . . . . . *BYTIME      Number, *BYTIME
Starting date and time:
  Starting date . . . . . *CURRENT      Date, *CURRENT, *START...
  Starting time . . . . . 000000          Time
Ending date and time:
  Ending date . . . . . *CURRENT      Date, *CURRENT, *YESTERDAY...
  Ending time . . . . . 235959          Time
User profile . . . . . *ALL            Name, generic*, *ALL
Remote user profile . . . . . *ALL      Name, generic*, *ALL
Relational DB Entry . . . . . *ALL      Name, generic*, *ALL
SQL Operation . . . . . *ALL           Name, *ALL, ALTER, CLOSE...
SQL State . . . . . *ALL              Character, generic*, *ALL
SQL Error code . . . . . *ALL         Number, *ERR, *NOERR, *ALL
SQL Statement contains . . . . . *ALL

More...
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F5=Refresh  F12=Cancel  F13=How to use this display
F24=More keys
  
```

```

Display DB-Gate Log Entries (DSPDBLOG)

Type choices, press Enter.

SQL Message contains . . . . . *ALL
-----
From job name . . . . . *ALL      Name, generic*, *ALL
  User . . . . . *ALL          Name, generic*, *ALL
  Number . . . . . *ALL        000000-999999, *ALL
From program name . . . . . *ALL   Name, generic*, *ALL
  Library . . . . . *ALL       Name, generic*, *ALL
Number of records to process . . *NOMAX  Number, *NOMAX
Output . . . . . *            *, *PRINT, *OUTFILE

Bottom
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F5=Refresh  F12=Cancel  F13=How to use this display
F24=More keys

```

The screen contains these fields:

Display last minutes

To view activity in the immediate past, enter a number corresponding to the number of minutes that you would like to check. For example, to check activity in the past 120 minutes, enter 120 in this field. This value would override starting and ending date and time fields.

Starting date and time

Starting date

The day or date on which the included data begins.

Allowed values include:

- ***CURRENT:** The current date
- ***YESTERDAY:** Yesterday's date
- ***WEEKSTR:** The first day of the current week. By default, this is Sunday.
- ***PRVWEEKS:** The first day of the previous week
- ***MONTHSTR:** The first day of the current month
- ***PRVMONTHS:** The first day of the previous month
- ***YEARSTR:** The first day of the current year
- ***PRVYEARS:** The first day of the previous year

- ***MON:** Monday
- ***TUE:** Tuesday
- ***WED:** Wednesday
- ***THU:** Thursday
- ***FRI:** Friday
- ***SAT:** Saturday
- ***SUN:** Sunday

Starting time

The time on the Starting date at which the included data begins, in **HHMMSS** format.

Ending date and time

Ending date

The day or date on which the included data ends.

Allowed values are the same as for **Starting date**.

Ending time

The time on the **Ending date** at which the included data ends, in **HHMMSS** format.

User profile

All (default) or a specific user profile on the IBM i

Remote user profile

All (default) or a specific user profile on the remote database

Relational DB Entry

All (default) or a specific remote DB entry

SQL Operation

All (default) or a specific SQL operation that is used at the beginning of an SQL statement (such as **CONNECT**, **CREATE**, or **DROP**).

SQL State

All (default) or a specific state

SQL Error Code

All (default), a specific error code number or name that describes the problem, or entries without any error code

SQL Statement contains

All (default) or a specific SQL statement

SQL Message contains

All (default) or a specific error message that is associated with an error code

From job name

The job that made the change, or ***ALL** for all jobs.

User

The user who ran the job.

Number

The job number, from 000000 to 999999.

Number of records to process

The maximum number of records to process, or ***NOMAX** for all records.

Output

The destination for the report. Valid values include ***** (to send output to the screen). ***PDF**, ***HTML**, ***CSV**, ***OUTFILE**, and ***PRINT1** through ***PRINT9**.

Define your filter parameters and press **Enter**. The **DisplayDBGateLog** screen appears:

```

Display DB Gate Log                                01/01/20 - 26/01/21
Log information is available from 01/01/20
DB->ORA: CONNECT
DB->ORA: DISCONNECT
DB->LOPC: SQL error -99999 detected for
DB->LOPC: SQL error -99999 detected for
DB->LOPC: CONNECT
DB->MS: CONNECT
DB->MS: SQL error -1 com/microsoft/sqlserver/jdbc/SQLServerDriver detected for
DB->MS: SQL error -99999 detected for
DB->MS: SQL error -1 java.lang.NullPointerException detected for
DB->MS: SQL error -1 com/microsoft/sqlserver/jdbc/SQLServerDriver detected for
DB->MS: SQL error -99999 detected for
DB->LO: CONNECT
DB->LO: SQL error -1 java.lang.NullPointerException detected for SET XXX
->LO: DISCONNECT
DB->LO: CONNECT
DB->LO: SQL error -1 java.lang.NullPointerException detected for SET XXX
DB->LO: SQL error -1 java.lang.NullPointerException detected for SET XXX
DB->LO: DISCONNECT
More...
F3=Exit                F10=Entire-Entry      F17=Top  F18=Bottom

```

To view further details for the output, select **F10. Entire Entry**. The **Additional Entry Information** screen appears.

```

Additional Entry Information                        System: RLDEV
Remote DB Entry . . . : MS                        From User Profile . . . : DB
Date sent . . . . . : 21/01/25                    Time sent . . . . . : 14:45:22
From Job . . . . . : QPADEV002G/DB/092834          SQL Opr.: CONNECT
Remote User . . . . . : ILAN                        SQL Err.: 0

SQL State . . . . . : 00000
SQL Error Message . . . :
SQL Statement:
CONNECT

F3=Exit                F12=Cancel

```

Server Authentication with Remote User IDs

DB-Gate can employ Server Authentication Entries to authenticate connections to servers automatically, without entering the logon values each time.

To set up Server Authentication Entries, select **21. Work with Server Authentication** from the **DB-Gate** main menu (*STRDB*). The **Work with Server Authentication Entries** screen appears:

```
Work with Server Authentication Entries
Subset by user . . . . _____
server . . . . _____
remote user. _____

Type options, press Enter.
  1=Select  4=Remove

Opt  User      Server      Remote user      Password
-   AMIR      LO          AMIR             *YES
-   AMIR      MS          SASHA           *YES
-   AMIR      MY          SASHA           *YES
-   AMIR      ORA         HR              *YES
-   AMIR      TTT         AMIR            *YES
-   AU        RAZLEE2     SECURITY2P
-   AU        RSASECURID AU             *YES
-   AU        TTT         QSECOFR
-   AV        RDBRL2     SECURITY2P      *YES
-   AV        RSASECURID AV
-   CT        RSASECURID CT              *YES
-   DB        ARD400     sale            *YES
-   DB        ARD400LO  db              *YES
-   DB        A150       sale            *YES
More...

F3=Exit  F6=Add New  F12=Cancel
```

Each line on the body of the screen shows a single entry: when a named **User** connects to a given **Server**, the connection uses the indicated **Remote user** name. If the **Password** field is set to ***YES**, the connection also uses a password set on the connection's detailed user authentication entry.

To **limit the display** to a subset of users, servers, or remote users, enter the first few characters of the value into the corresponding **Subset by** field at the top right of the screen, and press **Enter**.

To **add** a new server authentication entry, press the **F6** key. The **Add User Authentication Entry** screen appears, as shown in "Adding a New Server Authentication Entry" on the facing page.

To **modify** a server authentication entry, type **1** in the **Opt** field for the entry and press **Enter**. The **Modify User Authentication Entry** screen appears, as shown in "Modifying a Server Authentication Entry" on page 63.

To **remove** a server authentication entry, type **3** in the **Opt** field for the entry and press **Enter**. The **Remove User Authentication Entry** screen appears, showing the information for the entry again. Press **Enter** to confirm the removal or **F12** to cancel.

Adding a New Server Authentication Entry

To add a new server authentication entry, press the **F6** key from the **Work with Server Authentication Entries** screen (*STRDB > 21*). The **Add User Authentication Entry** screen appears:

```

                                Add User Authentication Entry

Type choices, press Enter.

User profile . . . . . _____ Name
Server . . . . . _____
Remote user ID . . . . . _____
Password or *NONE . . . . . _____

DB-Gate restricts Server to 18 characters. User and Password are restricted
to 10 characters.

F3=Exit                               F12=Cancel
```

The screen contains these fields:

User Profile

The user's name on the IBM i.

Server

The name of the server, as set in "Remote Database Directory Entries (RDBDIRE)" on page 35. The name must be in upper case and no more than 18 characters long.

Remote User ID

The username to use on the remote system. It must be in upper case and no more ten characters long.

Password or *NONE

The password to use on the remote system. It can be a mixed-case string, but must be no more than ten characters long. If there is no password, set this field to ***NONE**.

Press **Enter**. After a confirmation message appears, press **Enter** again to save your settings.

Modifying a Server Authentication Entry

To **modify** a server authentication entry, type **1** in the **Opt** field for the entry on the **Work with Server Authentication Entries** screen (**STRDB > 21**) and press **Enter**. The **Add User Authentication Entry** screen appears:

```
Modify User Authentication Entry

Type choices, press Enter.

User profile . . . . . DB          Name
Server . . . . . ARD400
Remote user ID . . . . . sale
Password or *NONE . . . . . *YES

DB-Gate restricts Server to 18 characters. User and Password are restricted
to 10 characters.

F3=Exit          F12=Cancel
```

The screen contains these fields:

User Profile

The user's name on the IBM i.

Server

The name of the server, as set in "Remote Database Directory Entries (RDBDIRE)" on page 35. The name must be in upper case and no more than 18 characters long.

Remote User ID

The username to use on the remote system. It must be in upper case and no more ten characters long.

Password or *NONE

The password to use on the remote system. If there is a password, the field displays ***YES**. Replace that with the new password, if needed. It may be a mixed case string, but may be no more than

ten characters long. If there is no password, set this field to ***NONE**.

Press **Enter**. After a confirmation message appears, press **Enter** again to save your settings.

Working with SQL Program Sources

To begin working with SQL Program Sources, Select **55. Work with SQL* program sources** from the **DB-Gate** main menu. The **Work with Members Using PDM** screen appears:

```
Work with Members Using PDM (WRKMBRPDM)

Type choices, press Enter.

File . . . . . *PRV _____ *PRV, name
Library . . . . . _____ *PRV, name, *LIBL, *CURLIB
Member . . . . . *ALL _____ *ALL, name, *generic*...
Member type . . . . . > SQL* _____ *ALL, type, *generic*...

Bottom
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F12=Cancel F13=How to use this display
F24=More keys
```

iSecurity provides you with SQL code examples in the **DBSOURCE** file in the **SMZB** library:

File DBSOURCE
 Library SMZB Position to _____

Type options, press Enter.

2=Edit 3=Copy 4=Delete 5=Display 6=Print 7=Rename
 8=Display description 9=Save 13=Change text 14=Compile 15=Create module...

Opt	Member	Type	Text
___	COBOLSQL	<u>SQLCBL</u>	<u>SQL COBOL sample program</u>
___	COBOLSQL1	<u>SQLCBL</u>	<u>SQL COBOL sample program</u>
___	DBPFRR	<u>SQLRPGLE</u>	<u>DB-Gate Performance test</u>
___	INSERT	<u>SQLRPGLE</u>	<u>INSERT INTO ORACLE WITH BOUND VARIABLES</u>
___	PREPARE	<u>SQLRPGLE</u>	<u>UPDATE WITH PREPARED STATEMENT</u>
___	REMOTECOPY	<u>SQLRPGLE</u>	<u>COPY REMOTE DATA TO A LOCAL FILE</u>
___	SELECT	<u>SQLRPGLE</u>	<u>SELECT EXAMPLE</u>
___	SELFILE	<u>SQLRPGLE</u>	<u>INSERT INTO DB DATA READ BY NATIVE ACCESS</u>

More...

Parameters or command

===>

F3=Exit	F4=Prompt	F5=Refresh	F6=Create
F9=Retrieve	F10=Command entry	F23=More options	F24=More keys

This is a subsetted list.

+

Maintenance Menu

From the **Maintenance Menu**, you can set and display global definitions for DB-Gate. To display the **Maintenance Menu**, select **82. Maintenance Menu** from the **DB-Gate** main menu (*STRDB*). The **Maintenance Menu** appears:

```
DBMINTM                               Maintenance Menu                               iSecurity/DB-Gate
Select one of the following:           System: RLDEV
                                       *Patent-Pending*

Definitions                            General
 5. Display DB-Gate Definitions        52. Check Locks

Operators                               Trace Definition Modifications
11. Work with Operators                71. Add Journal
                                       72. Remove Journal
                                       78. Real-Time Definition Change Alerts
                                       79. Display Journal

                                       Uninstall
                                       91. Uninstall

Selection or command
===> _____

F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F9=Retrieve  F12=Cancel
F13=Information Assistant  F16=System main menu
```

Displaying DB-Gate Definitions

To print or display definitions for DB-Gate, select **5. Display DB-Gate Definitions** from the **Maintenance Menu** screen (*STRDB > 82*).

The **Display DB-Gate Definitions** screen appears:

```
Display DB-Gate Definitions (DSPDBDFN)

Type choices, press Enter.

Report type . . . . . > *DBENTRY      *ALL, *DBENTRY, *DBDRVR
From item   . . . . . *ALL           Character value, *ALL, *START
To item    . . . . . *SAME           Character value, *ONLY, *LAST
Format     . . . . . *DETAILS        *LIST, *DETAILS
Output     . . . . . *                *, *PRINT

F3=Exit   F4=Prompt  F5=Refresh  F12=Cancel  F13=How to use this display
F24=More keys

Bottom
```

The screen contains these fields:

Report Type

The type of definitions included. Values include:

- ***DBDRVR**: Definitions for database drivers
- ***DBENTRY**: Definitions for directory entries
- ***ALL**: Definitions for both database drivers and directory entries

From item

The first item to be displayed. Valid values include character values identifying the item, and:

- ***ALL**: All values
- ***START**: From the beginning of all values

To item

The last item to be displayed. Valid values include character values identifying the items, and:

- ***ALL**: All values
- ***ONLY**: Include only the item in the From item field.

Format

The format of the report. Valid values include:

- ***LIST**
- ***DETAILS**

Output

The destination of the report. Valid values include:

- *****: Screen
- ***PRINT**: Spool for printing

When you have entered the values, press **Enter**. A confirmation message appears. Press **Enter** again to save your settings.

Managing Operators' Authorities

The operators' authorities' management is maintained in one place for this product. It also offers the site a possibility of implementing a second password to protect use of the product.

There is one default group: ***AUD#SECAD**. It allows all users both ***AUDIT** and ***SECADM** special authorities. By default, this group has full access (Read and Write) to all the product's components.

You may add more operators, delete them, and give them authorities and passwords as required. You even have the option to make the new operators' definitions apply to all your systems; therefore, upon import, they will work on every system.

To **view and modify operator authorities**, select **11. Work with Operators** from the **Maintenance Menu (STRDB > 82)**. The **Work with Operators** screen appears:

```
Work with Operators

Type options, press Enter.
  1=Select  4=Delete

Authority level: 1=*USE  9=*FULL

Opt User      System  DB  Adm
-  *AUD#SECAD  RLDEV  9  9
-  *AUD#SECAD  S520   9  9
-  A           S520   9  9
-  AMIR        S520   9  9
-  DB          S520   9  9
-  NIV         S520   9  9
-  TZION       S520   9  9

DB=DB-Gate      Adm=Administrator

F3=Exit  F6=Add new  F8=Print  F11=*SECADM/*AUDIT authority  F12=Cancel

Bottom
```

To **modify** an operator, enter **1** in the **Opt** field for the operator and press **Enter**. The **Modify Operator** screen appears.

To **add** an operator, press the **F6** key. The **Add Operator** screen, which has the same fields, appears.

```

                                Modify Operator

Type choices, press Enter.

Operator . . . . . DB
System . . . . . S520          *ALL, Name
Password . . . . . *SAME      Name, *SAME, *BLANK

Authorities by subject:
DB-Gate . . . . . 9          1=*USE, 9=*FULL
Product Administrator . . . 9  1=*USE, 9=*FULL

F3=Exit   F12=Cancel

```

The read-only **Operator** and **System** fields show the operator and system's names. If the settings are for all known systems and are to be imported automatically when the same operator is defined on a new system, the **System** field shows ***ALL**.

The **Password** field contains the user's password for iSecurity products, including DB-Gate. Possible values include:

- The password string itself.
- ***SAME**: The same as the user's system password.
- ***BLANK**: The password is empty.

The fields in the body of the screen show the user's authorization levels for each product.

The **DB-Gate** level is for users of DB-Gate. Possible values are:

- **1=*USE**: The user can use DB-Gate but cannot create or modify queries.
- **9=*FULL**: The user has full control over DB-Gate.

The **Product Administrator** is responsible for tasks such as backups and setting authorization codes. Possible values are:

- **1=*USE**: The user can use DB-Gate but cannot create or modify queries.

- **9=*FULL**: The user has full control over DB-Gate.

NOTE: DB-Gate configures the IFS authorities upon installation in a way that is suitable for running in run mode 2 (as shown in "Mode 2 - Internal Server" on page 21). If you will be using DB-Gate in run mode 1 (as shown in "Mode 1 - Inline" on page 20), ensure that the SQL user is added to list of Operators.

Checking Locks

To verify if objects are locked in the system, select **52. Check Locks** from the **Maintenance Menu (STRDB > 82)**. The **Check Locks** screen appears. Follow the instructions shown on that screen.

GSLCKMNU	Check Locks	iSecurity
		System: RLDEV
Select one of the following:		
Check Locks		
1. Data Base Files		
-. Display Files		
End this session. From a new session, enter: CHKSECLCK TYPE(*DSPF)		
-. All File Types		
End this session. From a new session, enter: CHKSECLCK TYPE(*ALL)		
Selection or command		
===> _____		
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F9=Retrieve F12=Cancel		
F13=Information Assistant F16=System main menu		

Journal Product Definitions

Add Journal

To record changes to physical files on the system in the data library, select **71. Add Journal** from the **Maintenance Menu** (*STRDB > 82*). The **Create Journal - Confirmation** window appears.

```
DBMINTM                               Maintenance Menu                               iSecurity/DB-Gate
.....                               .....                               .....
Select :                               Create Journal - Confirmation                               : Pending*
:
Definit : You are about to start journaling the product files.
5. Dis : The journal receivers will be created in library
: SMZBJRND . If this library does not exist, it will
: be automatically created.
:
Operato : If you wish to create the library in a specific ASP,
11. Wor : you should press F3=Exit, create this library, and
: run again this option.
:
: Run this program again after future release upgrades.
:
: Press Enter to start journaling, F3 to Exit.
:
: F3=Exit
Selecti :
==> 71 :.....                               : _____

F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F9=Retrieve  F12=Cancel
F13=Information Assistant  F16=System main menu
```

Press **Enter** to confirm. The process of journaling the product files begins. The journal receivers are created in library **SMZ8JRND**. If this library does not exist, it will be automatically created.

NOTE: To create the library in a different ASP, press **F3=Exit**, create the library, and run this option again.

NOTE: You must re-run this option after every release upgrade.

Remove Journal

To **stop recording changes** in the system physical files, select option **72**.

Remove Journal from the **Maintenance Menu** (*STRDB > 82*). The **End Journal - Confirmation** window appears. Press **Enter** to confirm.

```
DBMINTM                               Maintenance Menu                               iSecurity/DB-Gate
                                         System: RLDEV
Select ..... Pending*
:                                     End Journal - Confirmation
Definit :
5. Dis : You are about to end journaling the product files.
:       The journaling will stop in library SMZBJRND
:
:       Press Enter to end journaling.
Operato :
11. Wor : F3=Exit
:
:..... Alerts
          79. Display Journal
          Uninstall
          91. Uninstall

Selection or command
===> 72

-----
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F9=Retrieve  F12=Cancel
F13=Information Assistant  F16=System main menu
```

Display Journal

You can display journaled files in a readable form by installing the **iSecurity/AP-Journal** product. It does not require an additional authorization code.

To **view journaled files**, select option **79. Display Journal** from the **Maintenance Menu (STRDB > 82)**. If you have installed AP-Journal, the **Display APP Current Journal (DSPAPCRJ)** window appears, showing the information in a readable form, as shown here. Otherwise, the standard IBM screen appears, showing the records in a less readable display.

```
Display APP Current Journal (DSPAPCRJ)

Type choices, press Enter.

Display last minutes . . . . . *BYTIME      Number, *BYTIME
Starting date and time:
  Starting date . . . . . > *PRVMONTHS    Date, *CURRENT, *YESTERDAY...
  Starting time . . . . . 000000         Time
Ending date and time:
  Ending date . . . . . *CURRENT         Date, *CURRENT, *YESTERDAY...
  Ending time . . . . . 235959         Time
User profile . . . . . *ALL             Name, *ALL
Program name . . . . . *ALL             Name, *ALL
Job name . . . . . *ALL                 Name, *ALL
User . . . . . _____             Name
Number . . . . . _____             000000-999999
Number of records to process . . *NOMAX      Number, *NOMAX
Output . . . . . * _____          *, *PRINT, *PDF, *HTML..

Bottom
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt  F5=Refresh  F10=Additional parameters  F12=Cancel
F13=How to use this display  F24=More keys
```

The screen contains these fields:

Display last minutes

To view activity in the immediate past, enter a number corresponding to the number of minutes that you would like to check. For example, to check activity in the past 120 minutes, enter 120 in this field. This value would override starting and ending date and time fields.

Starting data and time

Starting date

The day or date on which the included data begins.

Allowed values include:

- ***CURRENT**: The current date
- ***YESTERDAY**: Yesterday's date
- ***WEEKSTR**: The first day of the current week. By default, this is Sunday.
- ***PRVWEEKS**: The first day of the previous week
- ***MONTHSTR**: The first day of the current month
- ***PRVMONTHS**: The first day of the previous month
- ***YEARSTR**: The first day of the current year
- ***PRVYEARS**: The first day of the previous year
- ***MON**: Monday
- ***TUE**: Tuesday
- ***WED**: Wednesday
- ***THU**: Thursday
- ***FRI**: Friday
- ***SAT**: Saturday
- ***SUN**: Sunday

Starting time

The time on the Starting date at which the included data begins, in **HHMMSS** format.

Ending data and time

Ending date

The day or date on which the included data ends.

Allowed values are the same as for **Starting date**.

Ending time

The time on the **Ending date** at which the included data ends, in **HHMMSS** format.

User profile

The user profile under which the change was made, or ***ALL** for all users.

Program name

The program that made the change, or ***ALL** for all programs.

Job name

The job that made the change, or ***ALL** for all jobs.

User

The user who ran the job.

Number

The job number, from 000000 to 999999.

Number of records to process

The maximum number of records to process, or ***NOMAX** for all records.

Output

The destination for the report. Valid values include ***** (to send output to the screen). ***PDF**, ***HTML**, ***CSV**, ***OUTFILE**, and ***PRINT1** though ***PRINT9**.

Press **Enter** to confirm your selections. the **Display Journal Entries** screen appears with the entries that you have selected:

Display Journal Entries						
Type options, press Enter.						
5=Display entire entry 6=SQL 9=Screen U=Undo						
Opt	Object	Job	Program	User	Date-time	RRN
_ UP	DBPARM	QPADEV000B	SETISAUTR	VICTOR	2020-12-21-09.54.49	1
_ UP	DBPARM	QPADEV000C	SETISAUTR	VICTOR	2021-01-06-12.15.56	1
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBIPWDR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.15	26
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBCHGPR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.15	26
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBIPWDR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	27
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBCHGPR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	27
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBIPWDR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	28
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBCHGPR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	28
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBIPWDR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	29
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBCHGPR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	29
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBIPWDR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	30
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBCHGPR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	30
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBIPWDR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	31
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBCHGPR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	31
_ UP	DBIPWD	QPADEV000F	DBIPWDR	JOE	2021-01-20-16.30.16	32
						More...
F3=Exit F7=Subset F10=Detail mode F12=Cancel F17=Top F22=Display entire						

To **view details** of any record, type **5** in the **Opt** field for that record and press **Enter**. The **Display Database Updates** screen appears:

Display Database Updates

RRN: 26

UP Update

Date-Time .: 2021-01-20-16.30.15
Program . .: DBIPWDR Library .: SMZB
Job: QPADEV000F/JOE/081584
IP address : 1.1.1.77
User . . .: JOE JOE

Object . .: DBIPWD
Library .: SMZBDTA
Member . .: DBIPWD
Port . . .: 61944

	After value	Before value
USER	*AUD#SECAD	*AUD#SECAD
SYSTEM	RLDEV	RLDEV
CHANGE DATE	9	260720.
ENCRIPTE PWD	9	497322837.-

Bottom

F3=Exit F5=Sql F7=Subset F8=Print F9=132/00 F10=List mode F12=Cancel F17=Top F19=Screen F22=Entire field

Uninstalling DB-Gate

To remove DB-Gate from your IBM i, select **91. Uninstall** from the **Maintenance Menu (STRDB > 82)**. The **Uninstall SECURITYBP** screen appears. Follow the instructions listed on it.

```
Uninstall SECURITYBP

You are about to uninstall this product.
All program files, data and definitions will be deleted.
You are advised to print this screen for further reference.
Before proceeding, ensure that:
  o No user or batch job is working or intends to work with this product

To run uninstall procedure you should do the following:
  o Exit from the current session
  o Open a new session using QSECOFR or equivalent user profile
  o Enter: CALL SMZB/DBRMVPRD

Once the uninstall is completed, enter: DLTLIB SMZB
Manually delete IFS directory /iSecurity/DB-Gate
Backups of previous releases might exist under the name QGPL/P_SMZ*
To confirm proper uninstall, use DSPUSRPRF SECURITYBP TYPE(*OBJOWN)

F3=Exit
```

Troubleshooting

This chapter describes various issues that may arise and how to handle them. Please review the following sections prior to contacting your Raz-Lee distributor or customer support.

Issue: Java versions lower than v5.0 loaded by default.

Workaround: DB-Gate requires Java v. 5 or higher to run. If any job has an earlier version of Java loaded, perform the following workaround, running either

- [Mode 1 - Inline](#)
- [Mode 2 - Internal Server](#) (recommended)

Mode 1 - Inline

These steps will affect all Java programs running in every job.

1. Copy the file: **`/iSecurity/DB-Gate/sp.properties`** to: **`/iSecurity/DB-Gate/SystemDefault.properties`**
2. Update the Home Directory for the user profile to your own unique IFS folder. Modify the desired user profile by typing the following command: **`CHGUSRPRF USRPRF(xxx) HOMEDIR('/iSecurity/DB-Gate')`**
3. Run the command sequence: **`STRDB > 81 > 1`**
4. Turn off **Auto Set Java version** and **CLASSPATH**
5. Make sure that the file **SystemDefault.properties** contains the line:
`java.version=1.5`
6. Start a new job to test.

Mode 2 - Internal Server

It is recommended to use Mode 2 since only the internal DB-Gate user will be affected.

1. Copy the file: ***/iSecurity/DB-Gate/sp.properties*** to: ***/iSecurity/DB-Gate/SystemDefault.properties***
2. Update the Home Directory for the user profile to your own unique IFS folder For example, to modify the SECURITYBP user profile, type:
CHGUSRPRF USRPRF(SECURITYBP) HOMEDIR('/iSecurity/DB-Gate')
3. Run the command sequence: ***STRDB > 81 > 1***
4. Turn off **Auto Set Java version** and **CLASSPATH** by changing the status to N
5. Make sure that the **SystemDefault.properties** file contains the line: ***java.version=1.5***
6. Deactivate and then reactivate the server.

Issue: The installation of the product failed.

Workaround: Perform a manual installation

1. On the System i, run the following command: ***CRTSAVFQGPL/SMZB.***
2. On the server, perform the following to extract the save file (***.A2P*** extension) from the zip file ***FTP xyzxyz.A2P*** and copy it to the IBM i as save file ***QGPL/SMZB***
 - a. ***ftp AS400_IP***
 - b. ***...***
 - c. ***bin***
 - d. ***cd QGPL***
 - e. ***put DB0220V71.A2P SMZB***
 - f. ***bye***
3. On the System i, run the following commands:
 - ***RSTOBJ OBJ(DBI) SAVLIB(SMZB) DEV(*SAVF) SAVF(QGPL/SMZB) RSTLIB(QTEMP)***
 - ***CALL QTEMP/DBI ('*SAVF' 'DB' 'QGPL' 'SMZB')***

The installation should now be complete.

Issue: Error Messages in Server Mode

The following error messages may appear when running in server mode.

Message: DB-Gate server disconnected.

Reason. DB-Gate has disconnected from running the SQL job due to activation group end, job end or explicit disconnect request for that job ('Release Job' from GUI).

Message: No response from DB-Gate server.

Reason. DB-Gate server is not currently active.

Message: Connection terminated. Job should be restarted.

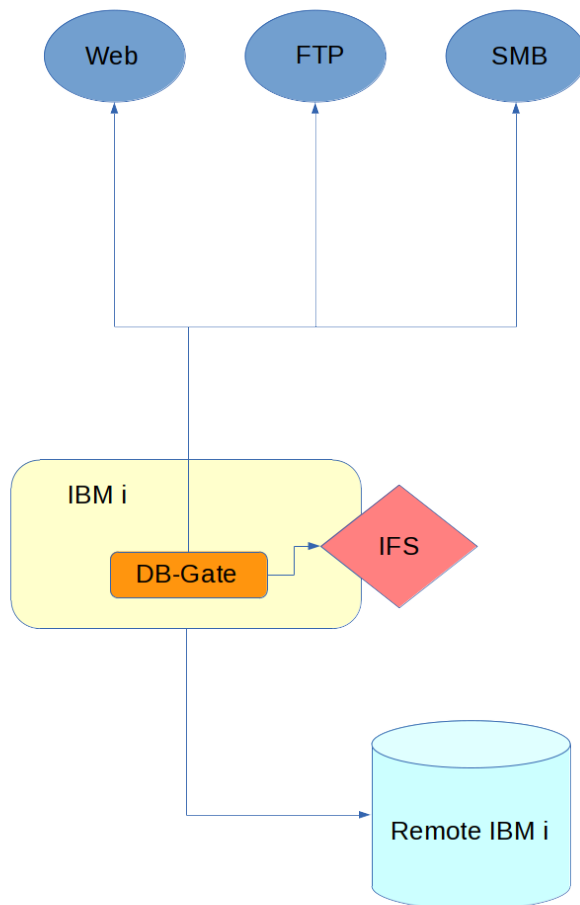
Possible Reasons:

- DB-Gate server has been deactivated while the SQL job was working with DB-Gate. This doesn't mean DB-Gate server is not currently active but any connection made with DB-Gate until that message is lost. It is recommended to restart the job.
- Error in the DB-Gate Java engine

Appendix A: JDBC Driver for Excel, CSV, etc.

DB-Gate is shipped with an internal JDBC driver for MS Excel (97/2000/XP/2003/2007/2010) files, comma-separated values, and ODF spreadsheets (LibreOffice/OpenOffice). Any text file, including XML format files, is read line by line by the driver.

The driver reads a file that resides on the IFS, web, SMB share on the local network, FTP server etc. This data is written to a target file that resides on any DB (or data source) that can be accessed by JDBC on the current system or another IBM i.



Note: the target DB can be the local IBM i

Adding an Entry

To **add an entry**, specifying the location to which data will be written, either on the current system or a different IBM i:

NOTE: While this resembles other IBM i tools that specify where they will read data, these Directory Entries specify where DB-Gate **writes** it.

1. Type **STRDB**. The **DB-Gate** main menu appears.
2. Select option **1. Work with Directory Entries**.
3. Press the **F6** key. The **Add New Directory Entry** screen appears:

```

                                     Add New Directory Entry
Directory Entry . . . . . PCTST
Driver . . . . . PC FILE           F4=Prompt

F3=Exit   F4=Prompt   F12=Cancel
```

4. Set the **Directory Entry** field to the name of the new entry.
5. Set the **Driver** field to the supplied **PC_FILE** driver.
6. Press Enter. The **Add New Directory Entry Details** screen appears. (It appears in two parts, **Part A** and **Part B**. You can move between them by pressing the **PgUp** and **PgDn** keys.) The fields specify where the data will be written. The label for the **URL** field shows values that can be automatically included from the corresponding fields above it. For example, **<host>** includes the value of the **Host or IP** field.
7. Set the **Log** and **Language Support** fields if needed and confirm. The entry is activated and available for use.

```

Add New Directory Entry Details - Part A

Directory entry . . . . . PC2          Active: Y      (Driver: PC_FILE  )
Description . . . . .
Log . . . . . 0                0=Dft, 1=None, 2=Basic, 4=All
Host or IP . . . . .<host>
Port . . . . .<port>
Catalog . . . . .<catalog>
Schema . . . . .<schema>
Database . . . . .<db>

URL, file://, http://... . jdbc:smz:<host>;errors=full;translate binary=true;
Auto replacments are: prompt=false
  <host><port><catalog>
  <schema><db><adl1-4>

More...
F3=Exit  F4=Prompt                               F12=Cancel

```

```

Add New Directory Entry Details - Part B

Directory entry . . . . . DBTMP4          (Driver: DB2      )
Description . . . . .
Language support . . . . . *AUTO          *AUTO, *NONE, 4-11 for Bidi
Keep alive interval . . . . . 0          Minutes, 0=No
Keep alive statement . . . . .

Fetch size . . . . . 0          Number of records, 0=Default
Force RDB User . . . . . *NONE          Name, *NONE
Password . . . . .          Character (case sensitive)
Overrides CONNECT / Server Authentication Entry values.

Bottom
F3=Exit  F12=Cancel

```

The driver operates based on target file's extension:

- **xls/xlsx** for MS Excel
- **csv** for comma-separated values

- **ods** for ODF spreadsheet
- **txt** and any other extension is treated as text file.

Working with the JDBC Driver

To work with the JDBC driver, you must first connect to the **target system** with an SQL **CONNECT TO** command.

- If the target is on the same IBM i, or the username and password to connect to a remote DB is specified elsewhere such as a server authentication entry or in the **Force RDB User** and **Password** fields of the **Add New Directory Entry Details - Part B** screen, use the command: **CONNECT TO directory_entry** where **directory_entry** is the name of the Directory Entry to which data will be written.
- Otherwise, connect using the username and password from the target's DB credentials:
CONNECT TO directory_entry USER username USING 'password'

To associate the library and table on the target system to which you are writing with the source that you are reading, use the **COMMENT ON** command:

COMMENT ON library.table IS source_url

where

- **library.table** shows the library and table on the **target** system to which you are **writing**
- **source_url** shows the file on the **source system** that you are **reading**

such as

COMMENT ON QGPL.MY_TABLE IS 'file:///tmp/ customers.xls'

which specifies that data is

- **read** from the **/tmp/customers.xls** file on the current system's IFS, and
- **written** to the **MY_TABLE** table in the **QGPL** library, also on the current system.

If you omit the library name, as in

COMMENT ON MY_TABLE IS 'file:///tmp/ customers.xls'

or use the library name **QTEMP**, the table is created in a temporary library that only exists during the current session. It is not to be confused with the current job's **QTEMP** library.

The URL for accessing the table depends on the protocol being used:

- **File:** primarily for accessing files in the IFS file system:
`COMMENT ON QGPL.MY_TABLE IS 'file:///tmp/customers.xls'`
- **HTTP:** primarily for the web
`COMMENT ON QGPL.MY_TABLE IS 'http://www.example.info/gui/db_gate/ms.xls'`
- **FTP**
`COMMENT ON QGPL.MY_TABLE IS 'ftp://example.com/readme.txt'`
- **SMB** for Microsoft Windows shares for which a server authentication entry for the target server exists
`COMMENT ON QGPL.MY_TABLE IS 'smb://192.168.1.181/shareddocs/sales.csv'`
- **SMB** when supplying User + Password for Microsoft Windows shares:
`COMMENT ON QGPL.MY_TABLE IS 'smb://user:password@192.168.1.181...'`

To specify that you are reading from a sheet within an Excel file or a table embedded in ODF Text Documents (LibreOffice/OpenOffice), include an **@** sign and the number of the sheet in the **COMMENT ON** statement. For example, to specify sheet 2 in the example, use the command:

```
COMMENT ON QGPL.MY_TABLE IS 'file:///tmp/customers.xls@2'
```

You can then access the table with a **SELECT** statement such as
`SELECT* FROM QGPL.MY_TABLE`

You must indicate the library name, even if you did not state it in the **COMMENT ON** statement (in which case it would be the **QTEMP** library that only exists for the current session).

The table is created within the specified library. The driver then has read-only access to the source PC file.

Appendix B: Oracle TNS Names

Working with Oracle TNS

An RDB entry for Oracle can be defined using the ORACLE_TNS driver. There are two methods for specifying the JDBC URL; inline on the System i or by referring to a TNS entry name in the external file (**tnsnames.ora**).

Inline Method

To define the RDB for Oracle, add a new Directory Entry (as shown in "Creating a New Directory Entry" on page 42

Ensure that the **URL** entry, as entered on the **Modify Directory Entry - Part A** screen, is of the form:

```
jdbc:oracle:thin@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS_LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=1.1.1.221)(PORT=1521)))(CONNECT_DATA=(SERVICE_NAME=XE)))
```

External File Method

If you are running in "Mode 1 - Inline" on page 20 or "Mode 2 - Internal Server" on page 21, you can find the available **TNSNAMES** entries listed in the **tnsnames.ora** file in the IFS of your IBM i.

If you are running in "Mode 3 - External Server" on page 25, they are listed on the client computer from which you are connecting.

The file is located and loaded upon an attempt to connect the RDB entry. The location of the file is written to the IFS file **/iSecurity/DB-Gate/sp.properties**

for example, the default location of the `tnsnames.ora` file is:

```
oracle.net.tns_admin=/iSecurity/DB-Gate
```

If you move it to another location, you must also update the **sp.properties** file.

After modifying the **sp.properties** file in either mode, you must restart DB-Gate. If inline run mode is used, any new SQL job will be affected.

Below is an example of the **tnsnames.ora** file:

```
PROD=
(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST =
  (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = 192.168.1.221) (PORT =
1521))
)
(CONNECT_DATA = (SERVICE_NAME = XE)
)
)
TEST=
(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST =
  (ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=192.168.1.21) (PORT=1521))
  (ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=192.168.1.22) (PORT=1521))
) (CONNECT_DATA=
  (SERVICE_NAME=XE2)
)
)
```

In the **Modify Directory Entry - Part A** screen, set the URL field to either **jdbc:oracle:thin:@PROD** or **jdbc:oracle:thin:@TEST** as appropriate.

